EC Human Capital and Mobility

CALL FOR PROPOSALS

Research Fellowships
Young scientists (primarily post-docs) seeking research fellowships from institutes pre-selected by the EC Human Capital and Mobility programme as having more than 100 KECU available must submit proposals by 29 September 1992. The Institutes (which number about 27 in physics) must send final choices to the Commission of the EC by 15 October 1992 for consideration in the first selection round.

Large-Scale Facilities
European scientists wishing to be included in a joint proposal with a pre-selected large-scale facility (LSF) are advised to apply to their chosen LSF by 29 September 1992. The LSF's must submit proposals jointly with potential users to the Commission of the EC by 15 September 1992. Of the 25 pre-selected LSFs, the following are physics-based:

Roughly 95+ % complete lists of pre-selected institutes and LSF's are published in the Official Journal of the EC C212 (18 Aug. 1992) 12-21. The LSF indicated with an asterisk (*) were for technical reasons not announced in the Official Journal.

For what it is worth in view of the incredibly compressed timescales, detailed updated lists are available by e-mail (and only e-mail) if you send a message with your e-mail address to the EPS Geneva Secretariat (e-mail: epnews@cernvm.cern.ch; fax: +41-22-793 11 30).

LEOPOLD-FRANZENS-UNIVERSITAT INNSBRUCK

PROFESSOR FÜR EXPERIMENTALPHYSIK

Am Institut für Experimentalphysik der Naturwissenschaftlichen Fakultät der Leo­pold-Franzens-Universität Innsbruck ist die Planstelle eines/einer Ordentlichen Uni­versitätsprofessors/Universitätsprofessorin für Experimentalphysik wieder zu beset­zen.


Die Leopold-Franzens-Universität Innsbruck strebt eine Erhöhung des Frauenanteils am wissenschaftlichen Personal an und fordert deshalb qualifizierte Frauen nach­drücklich auf, sich zu bewerben.

O. Univ.-Prof. Dr. Michael KUHN
Dekan

Am Klepenheuer-Institut für Sonnenphysik in Freiburg

ist ab 1. Juli 1993 zu besetzen die Stelle des

Direktors und Professors
(als Nachfolge von Prof. Dr. E.H. Schröter)

Das Forschungsgebiet des Instituts (35 Mitarbeiter, davon 17 Wissenschaftler) umfasst experimentelle und theoretische Sonnenphysik. Das Institut ist federführend am Betrieb der Sonnensternwarte bis zum Observatorio de Tenerife (Teneriffa) beteiligt.

Vom Bewerber wird erwartet, dass er sich in der Amtszeit der bisherigen Direktoren im Bereich der Sonnenphysik engagiert und den weiteren Entwicklungspfad der Institution vollzieht.

Bewerbungen mit einem Lebenslauf und den sonst üblichen Unterlagen, insbesondere einer Publikationsliste, bis zum 1. Dezember 1992 erbeten an:

Ministerium für Wissenschaft und Forschung Baden-Württemberg
z. H. Herrn Regierungsdirektor Gerber
Referat II/3 / Königstraße 46 - 7000 Stuttgart 1

Central Europe’s First Supercomputer

The Institute of Physics of the Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague, will take delivery next month of the first vector supercomputer in east and central Europe. It is a Cray YMP-EL machine (a "baby Cray") configured as a signal processor with a 5.3 ns clock speed and valued at 0.58 MSUS. Some 20% of machine time will be available to eight other institutes and there is a contract with universities to use the machine. Hungary and Poland have yet to decide upon offers for similar machines.

Dr. J. Nadchal, the Director for Central Services in the Institute of Physics and responsible for computing facilities, reports that delivery was delayed by nearly one year as it turned out that a COCOM licence was needed to connect the machine to the networks in which the Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences had invested heavily. This illustrates continuing US sensitivity to supercomputer access. But the licence issued to Prague is somewhat ridiculous because in restricting Internet connections to authorised users it ignores the fact that access can be gained via other machines.

En Route to SGML-Capped Word-Processing

To ensure that all authors are treated equally when submitting manuscripts electronically for automatic processing it is necessary to define the structure of the document. The Standardized General Mark-Up Language (SGML) is the most generally accepted software standard for doing this. A great advantage of an article with SGML tags is that it can be "repackaged" (e.g., abstracts can be automatically downloaded into databases). However, SGML requires a Document Type Definition (DTD) table specifying the various elements of a text.

The EPS Publications Committee’s Working Group on Electronic Publishing has based its development of a DTD for physics on proposals from the European Working Group on SGML (EWS), the other main European group active in the field. EWS has also adopted EMS as the basic DTD and has published a modified DTD for the header parts of physics articles called MAJOR.

In the meantime, AAP has submitted EMS, together with the EPS group’s suggested modifications, to the International Standards Organisation (ISO) for consideration as a worldwide standard. ISO accepted the proposal so EMS is now being considered as a standard by representatives of member states. The plan is to appoint a working group chaired by Eric van Herwijn, who also belongs to the EPS group, that will fuse comments into a draft of a definitive ISO DTD.

A first issue of an ISO standard for a physics DTD is thus expected within two years.
This is good news because commercial producers of word-processing software will then be able to incorporate user-friendly features (tools) permitting the generation of articles with standard SGML tags without an author having detailed knowledge of DTD or SGML. User testing of the SGML-capped programs will probably begin next year and advanced PCs available in five years should be able to handle them. The alternative is to have an author use a standard style-sheet which imposes a structure on a document to permit special translation programs being used by some publishers to process the compuscript. It now seems this route will only be needed for authors who do not possess SGML-capped word-processing software.

The EPS working group plans to monitor the development of the ISO DTD and to eventually help in its promotion as it is in everyone's interest to have word-processors with SGML capabilities. There remains of course the problem of electronically transmitting figures. Dr. van Herwijnen points out that compression techniques are becoming more economic and widely available. Second, while a Standard Page Description Language (SPDL) is perhaps a generation away, PostScript file structures are effectively a de facto standard. SGML and PostScript mix well so together they could provide an interim, all embracing standard.

Three Months to Freeze ITER Design Objectives

Euratom, the US, Japan, and Russia signed a six-year agreement in Washington last month, some 18 months behind schedule, for an Engineering Design Activities (EDA) phase as the basis for "future decision on a 5000 MSU US next-generation fusion test reactor ITER that would demonstrate "controlled ignition and extended burn of D-T plasmas, with steady state as the ultimate goal, by demonstrating technologies...." The EDA (costing 1000 MSUS not including physics and some long-term R&D covered by national fusion programs) will be implemented by two or more Protocols. The first establishes working groups to review (and presumably freeze) technical objectives within in three months, and to draw up work assignment protocol and a draft protocol of a second Protocol for the bulk of the EDA. Three Joint Work Sites (San Diego, USA; Naka, J; and the MPI für Plasmaphysik, Garching, G, responsible for the reactor vessel and contents) can now begin hiring staff (up to about 160 professionals). A Joint Central Team with four Deputy Directors (a principal deputy and the site heads) is divided between the sites and staffed equally by the four partners. It assists the Director, P.-H. Rebult, formerly the JET Undertaking Director, who reports to the ITER Council, which meets twice each year and is assisted by technical and management Advisory Committees. Home Teams reporting to the Director are responsible for the partners’ work contributions. Euratom's team led by R. Tosti from Garching is based on the Next European Torus team formed in 1983, but we shall have to wait until Protocol 2 to know its size and degree of centralisation. Euratom's Fusion Technology Steering Committee - Programmatic (FTSC-P) chaired by P. Aymar from the CEA, France, is responsible for deciding European ITER implementation. It reports to the government-level Consultative Committee for the Fusion Programme (CCFP) which is seeing its power weakened as the EC Framework programme structure evolves.

In the words of European experts, "the price of international cooperation is the impression of a snail's pace with Europe losing its lead". Difficult choices must also be faced. Japan favours an all-encompassing (and expensive) ITER device; Europe a slimmed down version with much covered by national programmes. Some argue for pulse operation; the US is more interested in steady state. A large reactor gives a margin for confinement; a smaller device may not produce ignition. Dr. Rebut hopes that the all-important site selection is made within five or two as much engineering design is site-dependent (using a green-field site would be a "nonsense" as existing investments must be exploited). But the greatest challenge facing the plasma community is perhaps the change in culture: few of Europe's more experienced plasma physicists will be involved in ITER when it starts operation in the year 2005 at the earliest.

---

### Nuclear Physics Division Board

**CALL FOR NOMINATIONS**

Members of the Nuclear Physics Division are invited to submit by mid-October 1992 the names of candidates for election to the Divisional Board. Nominations should be sent to Prof. R.M. Bock, GSI-Ges. für Schwerionenforschung, Postfach 11 05 52, W-6100 Darmstadt (fax: +49-6151-35 99 89). Three supporting signatures of IOMs of EPS are required as well as the candidate's written agreement that he or she is willing to serve.

Of the present Board, R. Bergere (Saclay), R.M. Bock (Darmstadt), P. Glaudemans (Utrecht), G. Morrison (Birmingham), and G. Goldring (Rehovot) have served for two four-year terms and cannot stand for re-election. The Board proposes the following for election or re-election (*):

- **A. Bertin**, Bologna*
- **H.P. Blok**, Amsterdam*
- **J. Duroll**, Manchester*
- **I. Lovas**, Budapest (co-opted)*
- **W. Nazarewicz**, Warsaw (co-opted)*
- **Yu. Oganesyan**, Dubna (co-opted)*
- **Z. Plihar**, Prague (co-opted)*
- **R.A. Ricci**, Padua*
- **L. Schaller**, Fribourg*
- **B. Schröder**, Lund*
- **J. Vervier**, Louvain-la-Neuve*

The CNRS, France, and the German Physical Society have each been asked to make one nomination.

---

### EPS CONDENSED MATTER DIVISION

**13th General Conference**

29 March - 2 April 1993

Regensburg, Bayern, Germany (University of Regensburg)

Held in conjunction with the Fraßjahrstagung des Arbeitskreises Festkörperphysik der Deutche Physikalische Gesellschaft (DPG)

Aims to provide a forum for both senior and junior scientists from throughout Europe to present and discuss their research activities. Ph.D. students who are active and successful in condensed matter research should be encouraged to participate so as to intensify personal relations within Europe through the presentation and discussion of their scientific results and ideas.

Plenary talks, invited talks, symposia, contributed talks, and posters within each of nine Divisions covering the whole of condensed matter physics: liquids, semiconductors and insulators, low-temperature physics, surfaces, interfaces and thin films, macromolecular physics, dynamics, statistical physics and neutron scattering, magnetism, chemical physics, and metals.

---

### Deadlines

- abstracts: 1 December 1992
- registration: 1 December 1992
- accommodation: 1 December 1992

Further information and registration forms are detailed in the second circular, available from:

Prof. Dr. H. Hoffmann, Local Chairman, 13th CMD General Conference

Institut für Angewandte Physik, Universität Regensburg

Postfach 10 10 42, W-8400 Regensburg

Tel: +49 (941) 943 26 21
Fax: +49 (941) 943 45 44

---

### Registration Fees

- individual members of EPS, DPG and national societies: DM 200.-
- students: DM 90.-