National Societies Complement EPS Initiatives

Professor Jean Muller, President of the Swiss Physical Society, reports that a solidarity initiative called "Action Est" in favour of national societies in east and central Europe resulted in a remarkable response. Some SFR 1500.— was collected from several universities in the form of contributions to help the region's members meet their annual EPS membership fees during the difficult transition period to market economies. A second transfer to EPS will probably be made at the end of the year since contributions continue to be sent to the fund's bank account in Switzerland. As a measure of the generosity, one notes that Switzerland represents 3% of the national society membership in EPS so an equivalent response from other similar societies would imply a total of over 300 KsFR. The treasurer, in any case, will be too busy to channel ECEE initiatives through EPS, the only important exception being an ETH Zurich-based scheme to collect and distribute in Romania books, journals and equipment.

Other Responses

There have been other responses to the appeal by Maurice Jacob, the EPS President, at Council in Athens earlier in the year for special temporary support from richer societies to help some ECEE societies pay their full fees. Formal approach by the Board of the Swedish Physical Society to contribute one-third of the Estonian Physical Society's membership fee is imminent and the Governing Board of the Finnish Physical Society has already agreed to pay another third. The two societies are also offering some less official help to Estonia, mostly following a request from Tartu University for help to plan a technical faculty, but without any commitment to approach funding agencies on behalf of the university. Professor Gunnar Tibell, the Swedish society's President, feels providing advice is best handled within the context of the evaluation of science in Estonia that is being coordinated by Dr. Lars Gidefeldt of the Swedish Science Research Council. The final report to be published next month gives detailed recommendations for specific sub-fields (five are in physics) on a project-by-project basis. The evaluation, resembling those carried out routinely in Sweden, is the first to be performed by the Swedish SRC elsewhere and follows a request by the Estonian Academy of Science which realises that the amount of research it performs must be reduced in the framework of international scientific relations. Czechoslovak physicists are represented in EPS by the Physics Section of the Union of Czechoslovak Mathematicians and Physicists. The total Union membership is 7000; that of the combined Czech and Slovak physics section is some 1500. The Union's international obligations have to be met by the Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences but a new law voted in two months ago by Parliament which comes into force on 1 January 1993 sees the reconstitution of the academy as a purely Czech academy (the Slovak republic has always had its own academy as the federal structure was asymmetric). The new law is not detailed so the status of former commitments has to be sorted out. The Union is now exploring possibilities for fee payment in the context of an evolving funding situation — a pattern that generally repeats itself throughout ECEE.

Parallel Initiatives

There are some important national initiatives to help less fortunate countries which run in parallel to the normal EPS activities funded in part by national membership fees. The German Physical Society (GPS) for obvious historical reasons leads the way. The society has maintained a policy of direct support for eastern part of Germany from its inception. Czechoslovak physicists are represented in EPS by the Physics Section of the Union of Czechoslovak Mathematicians and Physicists. The total Union membership is 7000; that of the combined Czech and Slovak physics sections is some 1500. The Union's international obligations have to be met by the Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences but a new law voted in two months ago by Parliament which comes into force on 1 January 1993 sees the reconstitution of the academy as a purely Czech academy (the Slovak republic has always had its own academy as the federal structure was asymmetric). The new law is not detailed so the status of former commitments has to be sorted out. The society is now exploring possibilities for fee payment in the context of an evolving funding situation — a pattern that generally repeats itself throughout ECEE.

The Institute of Physics (IoP) in the UK does not make use of the same degree of historical involvement but remains nonetheless an important contributor to east-west initiatives owing to its size and importance. Alan Jones, the IoP Chief-Executive, writes to say that a three-year agreement was signed with the Polish Physical Society in January to arrange financial support for conference participation and to facilitate direct contacts at the laboratory level. The IoP also ensures that Poland receives at least one copy of every journal published by the IoP (IOPP) together with initial discounts for new journals. Similar arrangements are being discussed with Hungary and Czechoslovakia. Some 15 Academy of Sciences libraries in the former Soviet Union have been given free subscriptions, a practice which ceases to be possible once individuals acquire IOPP that the journals are reaching their correct destinations. Readers in the FSU who feel they can justify direct support in the form of free journals should contact the IOPP [2].

Professor Renato Ricci, President of the Italian Physical Society (IPS), indicated at Council in Athens that his society would get in touch with national societies in the Balkans to see what could be done about the problem of meeting the payment of fees. Since then the IPS has been seeking to profit from the Commonwealth scheme that takes place within the context of the Alpe Adria, a well-established regional socio-economic association linking institutions in Slovenia, Croatia, Austria, and Italy. Meanwhile, the society has sent missing volumes and new subscriptions of many IPS-published journals to libraries in Romania and a similar initiative is envisaged for Albania.

The main effort of The Netherlands' Physical Society targeted specifically at ECEE involves cooperation with the Physica Foundation (derived from profits for publishing activities) and the government funding agency FOM in handling in 1992/3 some 50 kHFL for promoting contacts that could develop into joint projects with Dutch physicists.[3] This action follows support worth 60 kHFL which was distributed to young physicists to attend the 1990 EPS-8 General Conference in Amsterdam. The Dutch society assists E.W.A. Lingeman, the Secretary of the EPS East-West Coordination Committee. This committee, which includes American Physical Society participation following the EPS-APS "summit" in Budapest in May, next meets in October in Amsterdam.

CONTACTS FOR INFORMATION

[2] IOPP: 13 Sep 93 / limited to 100 / SFR 400. — incl. proc. / ETH Zurich
[3] Travel grants to the Netherlands' A.M. Hoogenboom, Secretary, NNV, Julianalaan 74, NL-3722 GS Bilthoven.

ANNOUNCEMENT

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